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ABSTRACT

The Kearney State College (Nebraska) drug-free campus program description details standards of conduct for employees and students regarding alcohol and drugs as well as applicable legal sanctions under federal, state and local law with regard to possession and distribution. These scatutes are described and identified by number and further illustrated in four charts which itemize: federal trafficking penalties, federal trafficking penalties for marijuana, and Nebraska State Law provisions for illicit drugs, and State law regarding anabolic steroids, marijuana and others. Descriptions of the nealth risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol including a chart of the uses the effects of 29 drugs and drug categories are also provided. Available drug and alcohol counseling, treatment or rehabilitation programs are noted and possible disciplinary sanctions for violations are enumerated for students (including probation, relocation, eviction, and suspension) and employees (referral, participation in a rehabilitation program, disciplinary action up to possible termination of employment). (JB)

KEARNEY STATE COLLEGE DRUG-FREE CAMPUS PROGRAM

December 1990

Kay L. McMinn

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The ERIC Clearinghouse on Higher Education has been given federal funds to process a special collection of policy, program and curriculum documents produced by the Network of Colleges and Universities Committed to the Elimination of Drug and Alcohol Abuse, a coalition of institutions initiated by the Department of Education, Office of Educational Research and Improvement in response to the 1989 Drug Free Schools and Communities Act.

Major objectives of the project are to:

- increase access to the information on programs, policies, and curricula developed by Network member institutions;
- encourage the use of the ERIC system by Network member institutions;
- improve the Network's ability to know about, and share information on activities at member institutions; and
- test a model for collaboration with ERIC that other national agencies might adopt.

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KEARNEY STATE COLLEGE DRUG-FREE CAMPUS PROGRAM

December 1990

Keamey State College recognizes and affirms its responsibility and commitment to maintain a drug-free campus. In accordance with this responsibility, the College prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of controlled substances or alcohol on college property or as part of any college activity. The term "controlled substance" refers to a controlled substance as defined in Schedule I through V of Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act 21 (U.S.C. ~ 812).

Drug-Free Campus Program Outline

- A. The standards of conduct for employees and students regarding alcohol and drugs.
- B. Description of applicable legal sanctions under Federal, State or Local law for unlawful possession or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol.
- C. Description of health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and abuse of alcohol.
- D. Description of available drug or alcohol counseling, treatment or rehabilitation or re-entry programs.
- Disciplinary sanctions for employees and students regarding alcohol and drugs.

Biennially the College will review its Drug-Free Campus Program to determine its effectiveness and to ensure that the sanctions required for violations of the policy are consistently enforced.

For questions about the Drug-Free Campus policy, please call the Personnel Office at (308) 234-8522 or the Counseling Center, (308) 234-8248.

Keamey State College - Effective up to July 1, 1991 A. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR EMPLOYEES AND STUDENTS REGARDING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

The College prohibits the unlawful manufacture, distribution, consumption, dispensation, possession or use of controlled substances and/or alcohol on college property or as part of any college activity. These standards of conduct are in accord with State, Federal and Local laws. The term "controlled substance" refers to a controlled substance as defined in Schedule I through V of Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. ~ 812).

This Section (A) Will Become Effective July 1, 1991 University of Nebraska at Keamey
A. STANDARDS OF CONDUCT FOR
EMPLOYEES AND STUDENTS

The illegal possession, use or distribution of drugs or alcohol by students and employees is a violation of University rules as well as

REGARDING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

State and Federal laws. The Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska has directed officers of the University to cooperate with State and Federal agencies in the prevention of drug abuse. See Board of Regents of the University of Nebraska Minutes. Vol., 29, p. 90-91 (September 12, 1967). In antisfaction of this mandate and in order to fulfill its obligations under the Drug Free Workplace Act of 1988, 41 U.S.C. ~ 701 and the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, 20 U.S.C. ~ 1145g, the University has formulated standards of conduct for both its employees and its students which prohibit the following acts:

- (1) use, possession, manufacture, distribution or sale of illegal drugs or drug paraphernalia on University premises or while on University business or at University activities, or in University supplied vehicles either during or after working hours;
- (2) unauthorized use or possession or manufacture, distribution, or sale of a controlled substance as defined by the Federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. —801 et seq. or Nebraska Drug Control Laws, Neb. Rev. Stat. 28-401 et seq., on University premises, or while engaged on University business or attending University activities, in University supplied vehicles, either during or after working hours;
- (3) unauthorized use, manufacture, distribution, possession or sale of alcohol on University premises or while on University business or at University activities, in University supplied vehicles either during or after working hours;
- (4) storing in a locker, desk, vehicle, or other place on University owned or occupied premises, any unauthorized controlled substances, drug paraphemalia or alcohol;
- (5) use of alcohol off University premises that adversely affects an employee's or student's work or academic performance, or an employee's or student's or the safety of others;
- (6) possession, use, manufacture, distribution or sale of illegal drugs off University premises that adversely affects the employee's work performance or the student's academic performance, or an employee's or student's safety or the safety of others;
- (7) violation of State or Federal laws relating to the unauthorized use, possession, manufacture, distribution or sale of alcohol, controlled substances or drug paraphernalia;
- (8) in the case of employees failure so notify an employee's supervisor of an employee's arrest or conviction under any criminal drug statute as a result of a violation of law which occurs at the University of Nebraska workplace.



B. FEDERAL PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS FOR ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

21 U.S.C. = 844(a)
1st Conviction: Up to 1 year imprisonment and fine of at least \$1,000 but not more than \$100,000, or both.

After 1 prior drug conviction: At least 15 days in prison, not to exceed 2 years and fine of at least \$2,500 but not more than \$250,000, or both.

After 2 or more prior drug convictions: At least 90 days in prison, not to exceed 3 years and fine of at least \$5,000 but not more than \$250,000, or both.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine: Mandatory minimum 5 years in prison, maximum 20 years and fine up to \$250,000, or both, if:

- (a) 1st conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams.
- (b) 2nd crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams.
- (c) 3rd or subsequent crack conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 1 gram.

21 U.S.C. - \$53(a) (2) and \$81(a) (7)
Forfeiture of personal and real property used to possess or to facilitate possession of a controlled substance if that offense is punishable by more than 1 year imprisonment. (See special sentencing provisions se: crack.)

21 U.S.C. — 881 (a) (4)
Fortesture of vehicles, bosts, aircraft or any other conveyance used to transport or concess a controlled substance.

21 U.S.C. -- 844a Civil fine of up to \$10,000 (pending adoption of final regulations).

21 U.S.C. ~ 853a

Denial of Federal benefits, such as student loans, grants, contracts and professional and commercial licenses, up to 1 year for first offense, up to 5 years for second and subsequent offenses.

18 U.S.C. ~ 922 (g) incligable to receive or purchase a firearm.

Miscellancous
Revocation of certain Federal licenses and benefits, e.g. pilot licenses, public housing tenancy, etc., are vested within the authorities of individual Federal agencies.

Note: These are only Federal penalties and sanctions. Additional State penalties and sanctions may apply.

The two charts on the following page were taken from United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Drugs of Ahms (1989 edition) p. 9. These charts summarize the penalties under federal law for possession or distribution of various types of drugs.

STATE PENALTIES AND SANCTIONS FOR ILLEGAL POSSESSION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES

The framework for the regulation of most drugs, also called controlled substances, is set out in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act. In addition, there are other Nebraska State laws which establish penalties for various drug related offenses which are summarized below. Charts 3 and 4 contain a summary of

senctions under Nebraska law for possession or distribution of various drugs.

TAX PROVISIONS:

رداد بنجادي بهانهان كالإثاقل بطيها واقتها الإناء والمجار يكافي

Anyone who possesses or sells the following amounts of controlled substances must pay the appropriate taxes to the Nebranka Department of Revenue and have the stamps attached to the controlled substances:

Six or more ounces of marijuana is taxed at \$100 for each ounce or portion of an ounce.

Seven or more grams of any controlled substance which is sold by weight (i.e., cocaine, crack, methamphetamine, etc.) is taxed at \$150 for each gram or portion of a gram.

Ten or more dosage units of any controlled substance which is not sold by weight (i.e.; LSD, quasindes, methamphetamine in tablets, PCP, etc.) is taxed at \$500 for each 50 dosage units or portion themos.

Pailure to have the proper tax stamps attached to the controlled substance carries a criminal penalty of up to five years imprisonment or a \$10,000 fine or both. A penalty equal to 100% of the uspaid tax will also be assessed and both the tax and the penalty may become a lien upon the property owned by the person against whom the tax is assessed. Neb. Rev. Stat. — 77-4301 through 77-4316 (Reissue 1990).

PROPERTY FORFEITURE:

Property used to manufacture, sell or deliver controlled substances can be seized and forfeited to the State. Property subject to forfeiture may include cash, cars, boats, airplanes and houses or farms. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-431 (Reissue 1989).

BEING UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF ANY CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE FOR UNAUTHORIZED PURPOSE:

It is a violation of Nebraska law to be under the influence of any controlled substance for a purpose other than the treatment of a sickness or injury as prescribed or administered by a person duly authorized by law to treat sick and injured human beings. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~28-417(1) (g) (Reissue 1989).

DRUG PARAPHERNALIA OFFENSES:

It is a violation of Nebraska law to use, or to possess with intent to use, drug paraphernalia to manufacture, inject, impost, inhale or otherwise introduce into the human body a controlled substance. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-441(1) (Reissue 1989). "Drug paraphernalia" is defined to include such things as hypodermic syringes, needles, pipes and bongs and other items used, intended for use or decigned for use with controlled substances. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-439 (Reissue 1989). It is unlawful to deliver or manufacture drug paraphernalia. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-442 (Reissue 1989). It is a violation of Nebraska law for a person 18 years of age or older to deliver drug paraphernalia to a person under the age of 18 who is at least 3 years his or her junior. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-443 (Reissue 1989).

A violation of Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-441 is punishable by a fine of not more than \$100 for first offense, not less than \$100 and not more than \$300 for second offense, and not less than \$200 and not more than \$500 on third or subsequent conviction. The punalty for violation of Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-442 is not more than six months imprisonment or \$1,000 fine or both. The penalty for violation of Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-443 is imprisonment for not more than one year of \$1,000 fine or both.



<u>Fec</u>	<u>deral</u>	Tra	ffic	king	<u>Penalt</u>	<u>ies</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		As of	November 18, 198	
CSA	PENALTY				Quantity DRUG		- 1	PEMALTY			
V-PA	2nd Offen		1st Olienne					handly	1st Offense	2nd Offense	
	Not less than 10 years. Not less than 5 years. Not more than No. than 40 years.				10-99 gm or 100-999 gm	NE of E	ti or more or more mixture	Not less than 10 years. Not more than Me.	Not less than 20 years. Not more than tile.		
				x ions than 5	100-809 gm mixture	4,999 gm COCAINE				or man outsim	
					500-4,990 gm mixims					erom to g entiritim	
į	if death or a injury, n ith			S-40 pm mixture	COCAINE BASE 50 gm or 1				If death or serious injury, not less than life.		
and I	Fine of not more than \$4 million than individual, \$10 million other million			ore than life.	10-99 gm or 100-999 gm	PCP		d or wore d or wore	more than Me. Fine of not more	Fine of not more	
				en \$2 million ndividual, \$5 . on other then	1-10 gm mixture	LSD 10 grm		or more orunder	million other than	then \$6 million individual, \$20 million other then	
				individual.	A0-396 gm missure	FENTANYL	400 gr	enden 10 ff enderim	individual.	individual,	
					10-00 gm mixture	FENTANYL ANALOG	UE 100 g	enom vo m enderim			
	Drug	Quer	illy		Flo		Second Offense				
	Others*	^	ny		rious injury, not le	es then 20 years, not more than life. illion not individual.	If death or a	ot mare than 30 years, death or serious injury, Ne. ne 62 million individual, \$10 million not individual.			
186	Al	A	rty	Not more the Fine not more		ndividual, \$1 million not individual.	Not more than 10 years. Fine not more than \$500,000 individual, \$2 million not individual.				
N	All	A	ny	Not more the Fine not mon		ndividual, \$1 million not individual.	Not more than 6 years. Fine not more than \$500,000 individual, \$2 million not individual.				
٧	AI	A	ny	Not more the Fine not more	ndividual, \$250,000 not individual.	Not more than 2 years. Fine not more than \$200,000 individual, \$500,000 not individual.					

*Law as originally enacted states 100 gm. Congress requested to make technical correction to 1 kg. **Does not include merijuana, hashish, or hearh oil. (See separate chart.)

Federal Trafficking Penalties - Marijuana

As of November 18, 1988

Quantity	Description	First Offense	Second Offense			
1,000 kg or more; or 1,000 or more plants	Marijuana Mixture containing detectable quantity*	Not less than 10 years, not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life. Fine not more than \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.	Not less than 20 years, not more than life if death or serious injury, not less than life Fine not more than \$8 million individual, \$20 million other than individual.			
100 kg to 1,000 kg; or 100-999 plants	Marijuana Mixture containing détectable quantity*	Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life. Fine not more than \$2 million individual, \$5 million other than individual.	Not less than 10 years, not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than life Fine not more than \$4 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.			
50 to 100 kg	Marijuana	Not more than 20 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 20	Not more than 30 years. If death or serious injury, life. Fine \$2 million individual, \$10 million other than individual.			
10 to 100 kg	Hashish	years, not more than life. Fine \$1 million individual,				
1 to 100 kg	Hashish Oil	\$5 million other than individual.				
50-99 plants	Marijuana					
Lees than 50 kg	Marijuana	Not more than 5 years. Fine not more than \$250,000,	Not more than 10 years. Fine \$500,000 individual, \$2 million other than individual			
Less than 10 kg	Hashish	\$1 million other than individual.				
Less than 1 kg	Hashish Oil					

(Marjuanz is a Schedule I Controlled Substance)



SUMMARY CHART 3 SANCTIONS UNDER NEBRASKA LAW FOR UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OR DISTRIBUTION OF ILLICIT DRUGS

DRUG	QUANTITY	PENALTY FOR "SIMPLE" POSSESSION	PENALTY FOR MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, DELIVERY, DISPENSATION, POSSESSION WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, DELIVER OR DISPENSE
Methamphetamine "Speed"	any detectable amount (a.d.a)	NMT ¹ 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT ⁴ 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Heroia	ada	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 line or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Cocaine	ada-LT 1 oz	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
	1 02-LT 7 02		NLT 3 YRS - NIMT 50 YRS
	7 oz. or more		NLT 5 YRS - NMT 50 YRS
Cocsine Base "Crack"	a.d.a10 grams	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 line or both	NLT 1 YRS - NMT 50 YRS
	10 gr. ⁴ -LT 28 gr.		NLT 3 YRS - 50 YRS
	28 gr. or more		NLT 5 YRS - NMT 50 YRS
Fi.encyclidine *PCP, engel dust*	ada.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 line or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Lysergic Acid Diethylemide "LSD"	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 line or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Fentenyl "Chine White"	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 Sine or both
"Exceptionally Hexardous Drugs": Narcotics such as Opium, Thiophene Analog of Phenoyolidine, Amoberbital, Secobarbital or Peniobarbital	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 50 YRS
Schedule I, II, or III drugs not classified as exceptionally hazardous such as Mescaline or Paliocybin	a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Any controlled substance classified in Schedule IV or V such as Pentazocine, brand name "Talwin", or Buprenorphine		NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or both

- 1. Not More Than.
- 2. Not Less Than.
- 3. Loss Then.
- 4. Grams.



SUMMARY CHART 4

SANCTIONS UNDER NEBRASKA LAW FOR UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OR DISTRIBUTION OF ANABOLIC STEROIDS MARIJUANA, HASHISH OR OTHER SUBSTANCES CONTAINING TETRAHYDROCANNABINOLS

DRUG	PENALTY FOR "SIMPLE" POSSESSION	PENALTY FOR MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, DELIVERY,
		DISPENSATION, POGGESSION WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, DELIVER OR DISPENSE
2 cubic c	ablets or eight name of the property of the property of age or older NMT 1 YR or \$1,0 or both; 1st offense for persons 18 years of age NMT 5 YRS or \$1,0 or both; 2nd offense for persons under years of age NMT 3 months or line or both; 2nd offense for persons under years of age NMT 1 YR or \$1,0 or both	age or older NMT 1 YR or \$1,000 fine or both, any person, paid or unpaid, employed by a state opposit, employed by a state spancy, political subdivision, or educational institution, who inowingly allows a subordinate employee or a student attending such employee's employing institution to possess, dispense.
Hashleh ¹ e.d.s.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or b	noth NLT 1 YR - NACT 20 YRS or \$25,000 fine or both
Concentrated Cannebis ² a.d.a.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 fine or b	NLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or \$25,000 line or both
Marijuana a.d.a. to 1	1st offense - \$100 fine and poss assignment to controlled substa course	MLT 1 YR - NMT 20 YRS or Inces \$25,000 line or both
	2nd offense - NMT 5 days and 5	1200
	3rd and subsequent offenses - I days and \$300	
MT 1 oz 1	T 1 b. NMT 7 days or \$500 or both	
MT 1 lb.	NMT 5 YRS or \$10,000 or both	,

^{1. &}quot;Flashish or concentrated cannabis shall mean: (a) The separated resia, whether crude or purified, obtained from a plant of the grous cannabis; or (b) any material, properation, mixture, compound, or other substance which contains ten percent or more by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols."

Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-401 (34) (Reissue 1989)



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IMITATION CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES:

It is a violation of Nebraska law to knowingly, intentionally manufacture, distribute, deliver or possess with intent to distribute or deliver an imitation controlled substance. "Imitation controlled substance is a substance which is not a controlled substance but which is represented to be an illicit controlled substance. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 28-445 (Reissue 1989). First offense violations of this law are punishable by three months imprisonment or \$500 fine or both. A second offense violation of this statute is punishable by not more than six months imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both.

SELECTED NEBRASKA ALCOHOL OFFENSES

MINOR IN POSSESSION:

It is against the law for a person under the age of 21 years to possess alcohol. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 53-108.02 (Reissue 1988). Violation of this law is punishable by 3 months imprisonment, or \$500 fine, or both. As part of sentencing a judge may order an offender to become part of a public work detail under the supervision of the County Sheriff for not more than 10 days in lieu of the above penalties.

PROCURING ALCOHOL:

It is a violation of Nebraska law to sell, give away, dispose of, exchange, or deliver, or permit the sale, gift or procuring of any alcoholic liquors to or for any minor or to any person who is mentally incompetent. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 53-180 (Reissue 1988). Violation of this law is punishable by not more than 1 year imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both.

CONSUMPTION ON PUBLIC PROPERTY:

It is a violation of Nebraska law for any person to consume alcoholic liquors in the public streets, alleys, parking areas, roads or highways, or inside vehicles while upon the public streets, alleys, parking areas, roads or highways; or upon property owned by the state or any governmental subdivision thereof, unless authorized by the governing bodies having jurisdiction over such properties. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~53-186 (Reissue 1988). A violation of this statute is punishable on the first offense by a minimum fine of \$100, or a maximum fine of \$500. A second offense is punishable by 6 months imprisonment, or \$1,000 fine, or both.

DRIVING WHILE INTOXICATED:

Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquors or drugs is a violation of Nebraska law. Neb. Rev. Stat. ~ 39-669.07(1) (Reissue 1988). Violation of this law is punishable on first offense by not more than 30 days, not less than 7 days imprisonment and not more than \$500 fine but not less than \$200 fine. In addition, an offender's drivers license is revoked for 6 months and the offender is ordered not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for a like period. Suspended sentence of probation includes mandatory requirement that probation or suspension be conditioned on order that offender will not drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for sixty days.

Penalties for second offense result in a mandatory thirty days imprisonment and \$500 fine. As part of the judgment of conviction the offender is ordered not to drive any motor vehicle for any purpose for a period of one year and the offender's operator's license is revoked for a like period. If an offender is placed on probation or the sentence is suspended, one of the mandatory conditions of probation or sentence suspension is that the offender must be ordered not to drive any motor vehicle in the state for any purpose for a period of six months, and the probation order shall include as one of its conditions confinement in the city or county jail for forty-eight hours.

Third or subsequent convictions result in not more than six mont imprisonment, not less than three months imprisonment and mandatory \$500 fine regardless of the length of confineme imposed. Offenders in this class may not drive any motor vehic in the state for any purpose for a period of fifteen years and the operator's license is revoked for a like period. Probation suspension of sentence for this offense must be conditioned so ti the offender is ordered not to drive any motor vehicle in the st for any purpose for a period of one year and probation must conditioned on an offender's confinement in the city or county j for seven days.

Local laws may also make it a crime to operate a motor vehic under the influence of alcohol or to commit certain arts involvi the consumption or possession of alcohol, e.g. "open containe laws.

C. DESCRIPTION OF HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH USE OF ILLICIT DRUGS AND ABUSE OF ALCOHOL

The last chart is taken from United States Department of Justic Drug Enforcement Administration, <u>Drugs of Abuse</u> (1989 edition pp. 30-31. The chart contains a description of health ris associated with various drugs covered by the Federal Controll, Substances Act. The summary of health risks associated will alcohol is taken from United States Department of Education What Works: Schools Without Drugs (1989 edition), p. 62.

Alcohol

Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgment a coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihor that the driver will be involved in an accident. Low to moder doses of alcohol also increase the incidence of a variety aggressive acts, including spouse and child abuse. Moderate high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher ment functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn a remember information. Very high doses cause respirated depression and death. If combined with other depressants of t central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol will product the effects just described.

Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake is likely to produce withdrawal symptom including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsion Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Long-ter consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly whombined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver.

Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants ha irreversible physical abnormalities and mental retardation, addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are greater risk than other youngsters of becoming alcoholics.

D. DESCRIPTION OF ANY DRUG OR ALCOHOL COUNSELING, TREATMENT OR REHABILITATION OR RE-ENTRY PROGRAMS THAT ARE AVAILABLE TO EMPLOYEES OR STUDENTS

STUDENTS

The Counseling Center, located in the Student Affairs Buildir Room 144, offers a variety of alcohol and other drug abuprevention and education services for students including individu counseling, support groups, referral services, alcohol evaluatio and alcohol education classes. The phone number is 234-8248.



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Contr	olled Substar	ices - Us	08 X	Effec •	18 *					
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 	IV.	Analossic, antidentesi	- High	High	Yes	3-6	04			·
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	IV Nestes	Hypnotic	Moderate	Moderate	Yes	5-6	0-1	Shared Sharesh	Charles .	Andre.
Sarbiturates		James immen biganet min	High-Mod.	High-Mod.	Yee	1-16	Out	Murrad speech, decreateson,	Shallow respiration,	Antiety, insomnia,
	Thereses, Vendor, Vendor, Halian, Parkers, Resert	enderlies Systems	LOW	Low	Yes	4-8	0-1	drynlegn behavlar	claritty aldr. cliated guolls.	tremore, cleffture,
Methaqualone	- Quarter	Sedetive, hypnotic	_High	High	Yes	4-8	<u> </u>	without odor of	week and	convisions,
Glutethimide	III Daniela	Sedetive, hypnotic	<u>High</u>	Moderate	Yes	4-6	Om	alcohol	rapid pulsa, coma,	possible death
Other Depressants III	IV Paris	Name of the last o	Moderate	Moderate	Yes	4-8	<u> </u>		papality death	
TIMULANIS										
Cocaine ¹	H Same Cope	Local anaethetic Allerter delict deuten.	Possible	High	Yes	1-2		horocood afectness.	Addition.	Apally,
Amphetamines	N Dantition Chaptel	terrine: mid (mig)	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	Ord,	inclusion, suphoris, increased pulse rate	increase in hody temperature.	long periods of stern.
Phenmetrazine	II Presen	Weight control Aborton dofat decisions	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	Chil.	& blood pressure,	hall-challant,	intentity,
Methylphenidate	II Amen Chief Chief Chief Street, House, Marie	- Recording to	Possible	Moderate	Yes	2-4		Incommis.	convidions, pouritie death	depression, disorientesion
Ciner Stimulands III	Section Inches Property	Weight control	Possible	High	Yes	2-4	CHIL		,	
ALLUCINOGE										
LSD	Marie Maries	None	None	Unfoncem	Yes	8-12				
Mescaline and Payote	E PORMA, MANA, BYP, MISSA.	None	None	Unknown	Yes	8-12	0	Musions and	Longer,	Whitchewal
Amphetamine Variants	ROMO TIMA DOM DOM	None	Unknown	Unknown	Yes	Variable	Cred	haltucimations,	more internee	syndrome
Phencyclidine	11 100	None	Unknown	High	Yes	Days	Smoked, end	poer perception of time	"Irip" apiacróse, paychopia,	betrogen son
Phencyclidine Analogues	700	None	Linknown	High	Yes	Days	Brighad, and	and distance	possible death	
Other Halfucinogens	Date Patricks Property	None	None	Unknown	Possible	Variable				
ANNABIS										
Marijuana	Treatment from State	None	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4		Rahada	Setton.	Insonate,
	II Maria	Charles applicables	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	British .	Righarit, related inhibitions,	Fatigue, paramole,	hyperactivity, an
Hashish	1 Negh	None	Unknown	Moderate	Yes	2-4	British, and	frommed appette,	possible psychosis	decreased appe
Hashish Oli	Heat Of	None	Unknown	Moderate	Yee	2-4		behavior		reported



FACULTY/STAFF

Employees seeking confidential assistance and information on drug and alcohol services may contact the Counseling Center located in the Student Affairs Building, Room 144. Screening and referral services are offered for drug and alcohol counseling treatment and rehabilitation. The phone number is 234-8248. The Personnel Office (234-8522), Founders Hall, Room 1200, can provide education and training to supervisors on how to intervene with a troubled employee.

Kearney State College - Effective up to July 1, 1991 E. DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS FOR EMPLOYEES REGARDING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

In the event a faculty or staff member violates this policy or is convicted for the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession or use of controlled substances or alcohol on college property or as part of any college activity, appropriate action will be taken by the College, as follows:

For administrators, staff, and faculty not included in the SCEA bargaining unit, one or more of the following actions may be taken:

- (a) Referral to a proper resource for evaluation and assessment to determine the appropriate treatment for rehabilitation;
- (b) Participation in a drug rehabilitation program;
- (c) Disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment and referral for prosecution.

For faculty included in the SCEA bargaining unit, conviction for such offenses may be considered adequate cause for disciplinary process provided in Article XI of the Collective Bargaining Agreement. Violation of this policy may also be considered adequate cause for imposition of the disciplinary process and referral for prosecution.

As required by the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988, faculty and staff involved in the performance of Federal contracts or grants must notify their supervisor within five days if they are convicted of any criminal drug statute as a result of a violation of the law which occurs at the workplace. The term "conviction" means a finding of guilt (including a plea of nolo contedre) or imposition of sentence, or both, by any judicial body charged with the responsibility to determine violation of the Federal or State criminal drug statutes. The supervisor will immediately notify the Vice President for Academic Affairs/Provost Office when faculty are affected or the Personnel Office when staff are affected. The college, in turn, will notify the applicable granting or contracting agency or agencies of the conviction within ten days after receiving notice of an employee's criminal drug statute conviction.

Kearney State College - Effective up to July 1, 1991 E. DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS FOR STUDENTS REGARDING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

The purpose of a sanction, in addition to protecting others, is primarily to educate an individual by increasing his/her awareness of the consequences of conduct violations and the importance of responsibility to the College community for one's actions. This will ordinarily be the guiding force behind imposition of sanctions. In some instances, however, the community's need to properly function outweighs the College's ability to so educate an individual. In such a case, for the benefit of both the student and Kearney State College, suspension from the residence halls and /or College may result.

In the event a student violates this policy or is convicted for the unlawful manufacture, distribution, possession for sale of drugs and/or the possession and/or consumption of alcoholic beverages

on state property or as part of any college activity, appropriate action will be taken by the College as follows:

- A. Admonition: An oral or written statement to a student or group that he/she is violating or has violated institution rules.
- B. Restitution: Reimbursement for damage to or misappropriation of property. This may take the form of appropriate service or other compensation.
- C. Education: Sanction: In accordance with the goal of education and assisting students with conduct problems, other disciplinary plans may be imposed as may be appropriate to the individual circumstances. These may involve work or research projects, recommendation of counseling options or fines up to \$50.00
- D. Probation: A written reprimand for violation of specified regulations, including the possibility of more severe disciplinary sanctions in the event of finding a violation of any institutional regulation within a subsequent stated period of time not to exceed one calendar year.
- E. Relocation: Re-assignment of a student from a particular on-campus living space to another.
- F. Restriction of Entry: Removal of the privilege of entering or visiting some or all residence halls.
- G. Eviction: Termination of the privilege of a student to living space on campus. Upon eviction, the College will terminate its contract with the student for residence hall space and reimburse, according to college policy on room refunds, the appropriate portion of monies which the student has paid to the College for living space for the balance of the academic year. Termination of a student's right to tenancy is not considered a denial of the individual's right to an education.
- H. Suspension: A recommendation may be made to the President for the suspension of a student from Kearney State College.*
 - * The Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges requires that the Board Office and the other three State Colleges (Chadron, Peru and Wayne) be notified when a student is suspended or dismissed. The student may be admitted to the other State Colleges only under the same conditions as he/she would be eligible for re-admission to the institution where the violation occurred.

This Section (E) Will Become Effective July 1, 1991 -University of Nebraska at Kearney

E. DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS FOR EMPLOYEES AND STUDENTS REGARDING ALCOHOL AND DRUGS

Violations of the Student Code of Conduct may result in the imposition of sanctions up to and including expulsion from this institution and referral for prosecution by the proper authorities under Local, State and/or Federal law. Violation of the Employee Standards of Conduct may result in the imposition of sanctions up to and including termination of the employee's employment and referral for prosecution by the proper authorities under Local, State and/or Federal law.



